

Research Station at Roslin, Midlothian via Dr N. Dix (University of Stirling) and Dr R. Watling (Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh). Dr Walker identified the fungus, and added, "It is a typical sporocarp of the species *Glomus macrocarpum* Tulasne & Tulasne, and consists of many hundreds of individual chlamydospores bound together (relatively tightly) by a matrix of sterile hyphae." Fresh sporocarps are globose, subglobose, elongate or irregular, up to 10x10x8mm, and have debris adherent to the surface (Berch & Fortin, 1983). A mature specimen recently found by the author also had a very pungent smell, somewhat reminiscent of some decomposing fish.

### Acknowledgements

Dr N. Dix and Dr R. Watling are thanked for the part they played in having my fungus sample identified, and I especially thank Dr C. Walker for carrying out the identification and also for much useful information concerning the fungus together with a copy of the paper by Berch & Fortin. I would also like to thank Dr Graham Rotheray (Royal Museum of Scotland) for looking over my paper.

### References

- Crowson, R.A., 1981. *The Biology of the Coleoptera*. Academic Press.  
Berch, S.M. & Fortin, J.A., 1983. Lectotypification of *Glomus macrocarpum* and proposal of new combinations: *Glomus australe*, *Glomus versiforme*, and *Glomus tenebrosus* (Endogonaceae). *Can. J. Bot.* **61**: 2608-2617.
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### *Aethes francillana* (Fabricius) (Lep.: Tortricidae) bred from *Conium maculatum*

On 29th April 1990 Dr John Langmaid and I were recording microlepidoptera at Chesil, Dorset. John observed some small round holes in old stems of *Conium maculatum* which we assumed were made by *Aethes beatricella* (Walsingham). As this was a species I had not seen I collected a few stems.

Moths emerged between May and June and I noticed how similar they looked to specimens of *A. francillana* (Fabricius) which I had bred from *Daucus carota* in Devon. In January 1994 I dissected a male from Chesil and to my surprise found that it was not *beatricella* but *francillana*, which I believe has not been recorded from *Conium maculatum* either in the British Isles or on the continent.— R.J. HECKFORD, 67 Newnham Road, Plympton, Plymouth, Devon PL7 4AW.

### A record of the Heart Moth, *Dicycla oo* L. (Lep.: Noctuidae) from north-west Kent

On the night of 12th July 1994 a female *Dicycla oo*, in excellent condition, came to a garden m.v. trap in West Wickham, north-west Kent. Its identity was confirmed by Graham Collins. This is an interesting record as there has been no confirmed record of its occurrence in Kent since 1919. Chalmers-